Development Planning: The Case Bangladesh

Dr. A K M Jahangir

First Published:

January 2016

Published by:

Zant World Press

31 Blake Street, Berwick, Victoria 3806, Australia

Ph: (613) 9702 2734

: +88 1711 595 219

Fax : (613) 9702 0122

Email: bhuiyan98@gmail.com

: haqz53@gmail.com

Copy Right:

Dr. A K M Jahangir

Price: TK 300/-

US \$ 10

ISBN: 978-1-922069-97-9

Preface

The book is an outcome of my dissertation entitled as 'Development Planning in Bangladesh during 1973-2002: A critical analysis' for degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Economics. The study is based on primary field survey & secondary data available in Ministries, Divisions, Department's & with Development Partners.

The book is an attempt to explain development planning processes followed in Bangladesh during the period of 1973-2002, the importance given to planned development and the role assigned to Planning Commission. The study attempted to find out the macro-economic planning and policy implications in development plans & the strategies followed to achieve the plan objectives.

During the study period, Bangladesh has implemented 5 medium term plan and a two-year plan & also witnessed a two-year plan holiday during 1996-98. This is an evaluative study which reveals that there is an increasing trend of GDP along with few indicators of socio-economic development. Both the primary & secondary data reveals that 'input-out model' used in plan formulation as macro modelling.

Implementation of project was delayed due to long approval procedure; release of fund; procurement of materials & appointment of project personnel; inadequate allocation; delay of land acquisition & the frequent revision of projects etc. For better implementation, simplification of procedures is required in approval as well as in implementation stage. Timely evaluation by using modem scientific tools by expert in respected field can ensure better result of projects i.e. the plan. Nevertheless, development planning in Bangladesh has contributed a lot towards the advancement of our economy during 1973-2002.

PRS as a development strategy was followed during 2004-10, but the experience does not endorse it as a substitute of medium term planning of the past. The study deduces that the country should follow 'hard planning' in terms of medium plan of 5 years within a perspective plan of 20 years, in order to have a fair position in world economy.

The under-graduate student of development economics, development studies, Bangladesh economy and also the researcher may use it as a reference book. To improve the quality any sort of suggestions are highly appreciated in e-mail: akmigir@gmail.com

Dr. A K M Jahangir

CONTENTS

		Page
Chap	ter One INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Introduction	17
1.2	Statement of the Problem	22
1.3	Purpose and Objectives of the Study	23
1.4	Justification of the Study	23
1.5	Methodology of the study	25
Chap	ter Two Development Planning Process in Bangladesh: An Over	view
2.1	Development Planning	26
2.2	Bangladesh Planning Commission	26
2.3	Functions of the Planning Commission	27
2.4	Structure of the Planning Commission	28
2.5	Linkage of the Planning Commission with other Government Offices	29
2.6	Elements of Development Planning	29
2.7	The need for Economic Development and Rational Development Planning	35
2.8	The Procedure of Processing Development Project	36
2.9	The Socio-Political Milieu of Plan formulation in Bangladesh	38
2.10	Evaluation of Planning Process in Bangladesh	39
2.11	Strengthening Planning Process in Bangladesh	40
2.12	The Perspective of Development	45
2.13	Socio-economic Constraints to Development in Bangladesh	46
2.14	Thoughts on the Philosophy of Development Planning	48
2.15	Implementation of Development Projects in Bangladesh	53
2.16	Local Level Planning in Bangladesh	55
2.17	Estimating Shadow Prices in Developing Countries	56
2.18	'U' Shape Income Distribution Curve as growth proceed	57
Chap	ter Three CRITICAL REVIEW OF OBJECTIVES, STRATEGIES, OUTI AND IMPLEMENTATION OF PLANS IN BANGLADESH	LAY
3.0	Introduction	59
3.1	First Five Year Plan (1973-78)	59
3.2	Two Year Plan (1978- 80)	67
3.3	The Second Five Year Plan (1980-85)	71
3.4	Third Five Year Plan (1 985-90)	79
3.5	Fourth Five Year Plan (1990- 95)	85
3.6	Two Year Plan Holidays (1995- 1997)	91
3.7	Fifth Five Year Plan (1997-2002)	93
3.8	Macro- Objectives of the Development Plans Implemented	97
3.9	Analysis of IMED reports on implementation of ADP during 1973-2003	99
Chap	ter Four ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE & TRENDS OF BANGLADESH ECONOMY DURING 1973- 2002	
4.0	Introduction	121
4.1	Trends of Public and Private Outlay, Expenditure and GDP growth rates	141

	during 1973-2002	121	
4.2	Share of Foreign Aid in Plan Periods and GDP growth rates	123	
4.3	Standard of Living of Masses during 1973-79	125	
4.4	Trends in Real Wage Index	125	
4.5	Foreign Aid in Pipeline and its utilization during 1985-90	126	
4.6	Debt Service Repayment	128	
4.7	Composition of GDP	128	
4.8	Employment situation during 1972-97	130	
4.9	Poverty Reduction, Human Development and Gender Bias	131	
4.10	Trends in Income Poverty	135	
4.11	Trends in Human poverty	136	
4.12	Nutritional Indicators	136	
4.13	Human Development Index an International Perspective	139	
4.14	Progress with Enabling Environment during 1973-98	142	
4.15	Macro-economic Management	147	
Chapter Five DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATIONS			
5.1	Introduction	151	
5.2	Opinions about the Respondents	151	
5.3	Opinions on Plan Formulation	156	
5.4	Opinions on Implementation of Plan	161	
5.5	Opinions on Evaluation of Plan Targets & Achievements	171	
Chant	ter Six MAJOR FINDINGS, CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTIONS		
6.1	Summary of Findings	191	
6.2	Conclusion	196	
6.3	Recommendations	196	
	Bibliography	198	
	Appendices	202	
	Questionnaire	212	
	Questionnane	414	

About the Author



Dr. A K M Jahangir was a career Civil servant in the Government of Bangladesh. He is a retired Joint Secretary to the government of the People's Republic of Bangladesh. He worked about 35 years both in research & of field administration. He did his PhD in economics from Preston University USA; Post-graduate diploma in 'Rural policy & project planning' from the Institute of Social studies, The Hague, The Netherlands; Advanced Certificate Course from the Asian Institute of Technology, Bangkok. He obtained post-graduation with honours in Economics from the University of Dhaka. He authored few articles published in reputed journals:-

- a. Economic performance & trends of Bangladesh economy in Implementation of five development plans during 1973-2002 [Global journal of quantitative science Vol. 2. No.3. Sep 2015 issue. Pp.16-34]
- A Critical Review of Implementation and Monitoring of Development Projects in Bangladesh during 1973–2003. [Global Journal of Quantitative Science [htt://giqs.org/ Vol 2 No 2 June 2015 Issue. Pp.11-25]
- c. Participatory Approach to Poverty Alleviation: The Case of PRDP in Bangladesh [The Journal of Rural Development vol-32, No # 2 January & July 2005 BARD Comilla. pp 83-113]
- d. Strategies in Alleviation of poverty in Bangladesh: Government & NGDO Complimentarity [Development vol-5. No. 1 & 2 January & July 1993 pp, 92-116]
- e. Foreign aid and economic development of least developed counties: Some Realities [Development review, Vol-3. No-2 July 1991 & Vol-4. No-1, pp121-131]

Dr. Jahangir has authored 4 books & 5 articles in Bengali. This book entitled as 'Development Planning: The Case of Bangladesh, is the out outcome of his dissertation for degree of Doctor of philosophy in Economics.